

FERMION MASSES AND MIXINGS
IN MINIMAL $SO(10)$ GUTS

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(WORK DONE WITH

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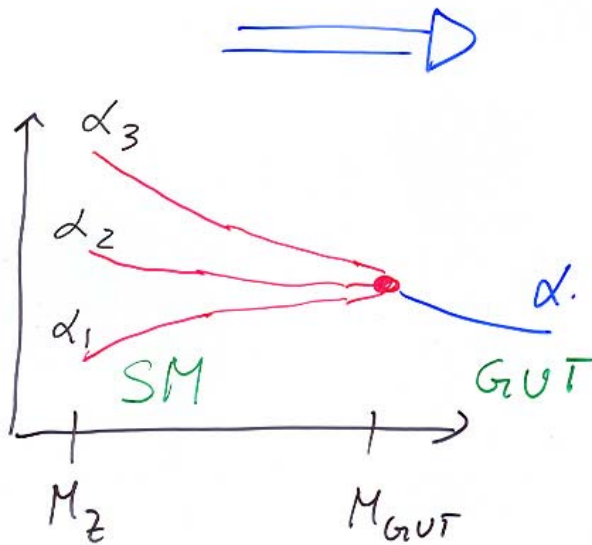
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GRAND UNIFIED THEORIES



$$M_{GUT} \approx 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$$

$$SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \subset G$$

BIGGER SYMMETRY

→ NEW CONSTRAINTS
& PREDICTIONS

① MAGNETIC MONOPOLES

$$\text{MASS} \simeq M_{\text{GUT}} \gg M_{\text{z}}$$

→ COSMOLOGICAL ISSUE

② PROTON DECAY

SUPERKAMIOKANDE

NOT FOUND YET

③ FERMION MASSES
AND MIXINGS

↑ THIS TALK

IN SM OR MSSM

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = Q^T \phi_u Y_U u^c + Q^T \phi_d Y_D d^c \\ + L^T \phi_d Y_E e^c + \text{NEUTRINO}$$

Q, L, u^c, d^c, e^c

TRIPLETS IN
GENERATION
SPACE

Y_U, Y_D, Y_E

3x3 COMPLEX
MATRICES

ϕ_u, ϕ_d

HIGGS DOUBLET

($\phi_d = i\tau_2 \phi_u^*$ IN SM)

! NO RELATIONS AMONG YUKAWAS!

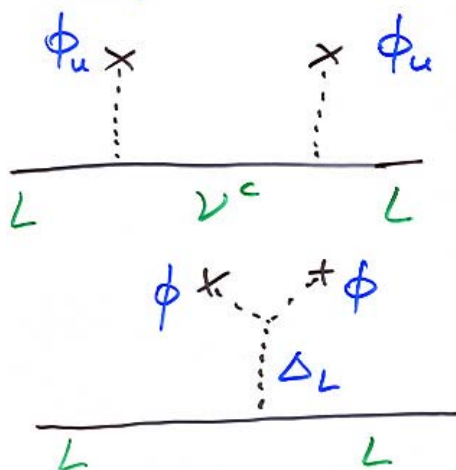
WHAT ABOUT NEUTRINO ?

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = \left(L^T \phi_u \right) \frac{Y_N}{M} \left(\phi_u^T L \right)$$

Y_N 3X3 SYMMETRIC COMPLEX MATRIX (AGAIN NO RELATION WITH OTHER YUKAWAS!)

M LARGE SCALE ($\gg M_w$)

THE FORM IMPLEMENTED BY THE SEE-SAW MECHANISM:



TYPE I

TYPE II

WHY SHOULD GUTS
DO BETTER?

SO(10):

$$16_F^i = (Q, u^c, d^c, L, e^c, \nu^c)$$

$i = 1, 2, 3$

⇒ RIGHT-HANDED

NEUTRINO ν^c AUTOMATIC

⇒ SEE-SAW

⇒ RELATIONS AMONG

$$Y_U, Y_D, Y_E, Y_N$$

AT $M_{\text{GUT}} \approx 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$

WE WILL ASSUME :

① ONLY $SO(10)$

NO FLAVOUR SYMMETRY

② RENORMALIZABILITY

- NEED IT FOR PREDICTIONS

- NOT SO CRAZY :

$$W = \frac{c}{M_{pe}} QQQL$$

$$c \leq 10^{-7}$$

PHENOMENOLOGICAL
CONSTRAINT

IN SM

$$2 \times 1 = 2$$

↓ ↓ ↓

Q, L u^c, d^c, e^c ϕ

IN $SO(10)$ GUT

$$16 \times 16 = 10 + 120 + 126$$

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

MATTER 1 INDEX 3 INDICES ANTISYMMETRIC 5 INDICES ANTISYMMETRIC SELF-DUAL

HIGGS

THE MOST GENERAL YUKAWA

$$L_Y = 16_F^T \left(10_H Y_{10} + 120_H Y_{120} + 126_H Y_{126} \right) 16_F$$

3 X 3 MATRICES

$$Y_{10,126}^T = + Y_{10,126}$$

$$Y_{120}^T = - Y_{120}$$

FROM $so(10)$

THE MOST GENERAL CASE
NOT RESTRICTIVE:
TRY TO MODEL SIMPLE,
MINIMAL SUBCASES

ONLY ONE 10_H

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = 16_F^T 10_H Y_{10} 16_F$$

IN PS = $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times SU(4)_C$

$$10_H = (2, 2, 1) + (1, 1, 6)$$

$$\text{VEV} \begin{pmatrix} v_u & 0 \\ 0 & v_d \end{pmatrix}$$

DOES NOT BREAK $SU(4)_C$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} u^1 & u^2 & u^3 & \nu \\ d^1 & d^2 & d^3 & e \end{pmatrix}_L = (2, 1, 4) \subset 16_F$$

HAVE THE SAME MASS

$$\parallel \\ (2, 1, 4) + (1, 2, \bar{4})$$

$$M_D = M_E$$

$$M_U = M_{\nu_D}$$

$$\downarrow \\ Q Y_0 \phi_u u^c$$

$$\rightarrow L Y_{\nu_D} \phi_u \nu^c$$

PREDICTIONS !

(A) $m_b = m_\tau$ GOOD!

$m_s = m_\mu$ BAD! AT M_{GUT}

$m_d = m_e$ BAD!

(B) 1 MATRIX (Y_{10}) ONLY :

$$16_F \rightarrow U 16_F$$

SUCH THAT

$$U^T Y_{10} U = Y_{10}^{diag} \quad \text{NO MIXING}$$

(C) NEUTRINO HAVE LARGE DIRAC MASS

$$Y_{\nu D} = Y_U$$

ONLY ONE 126_H

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = 16_F 126_H Y_{126} 16_F$$

$$126_H = (3, 1, \bar{10}) + (1, 3, 10) + (2, 2, 15) + (1, 1, 6)$$

GIVES TINY
MAJORANA
MASS $\nu_L \nu_L$

$$\downarrow$$
$$M_{\nu L}$$

GIVES HUGE
MAJORANA
MASS $\nu_R \nu_R$

$$\downarrow$$
$$M_{\nu R}$$

$B-L \propto \begin{pmatrix} 1 & & \\ & 1 & \\ & & -3 \end{pmatrix}$
DIRAC
MASSES

SEE-SAW :

$$M_N = -M_{\nu D}^T M_{\nu R}^{-1} M_{\nu D} + M_{\nu L}$$

PREDICTIONS :

(A) DUE TO $\langle 15 \rangle \propto \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

$$w_\tau = -3 w_b \quad \text{BAD!}$$

$$w_\mu = -3 w_s \quad \text{GOOD!} \quad \text{AT } M_{\text{GUT}}$$

$$w_e = -3 w_d \quad \text{BAD!}$$

(B) NO MIXING!

(C) NEUTRINO MAJORANA,
SEE-SAW NATURAL

ONLY ONE 120_H

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = 16_F 120_H Y_{120} 16_F$$

$$120_H = (2, 2, 1) + (2, 2, 15) + (3, 1, 6) + (1, 3, 6) + (1, 1, 10) + (1, 1, \bar{10})$$

DIRAC MASSES

$$Y_{120}^T = -Y_{120}$$

LESS PARAMETERS!
THAN FOR Y_{10}, Y_{126}
(SYMMETRIC)

$$\langle (2, 2, 1) \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} v^u & 0 \\ 0 & v^d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle (2, 2, 15) \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} w^u & 0 \\ 0 & w^d \end{pmatrix}$$

PREDICTIONS :

(A) Y_{120} TOO SIMPLE

\Rightarrow EIGENVALUES = $+a, -a, 0$
BAD!

(B) NO RELATIONS AMONG DIFFERENT
YUKAWAS \rightarrow

$$M_U = (v^u + w^u) Y_{120}$$

$$M_{\nu_D} = (v^u - 3w^u) Y_{120}$$

$$M_D = (v^d + w^d) Y_{120}$$

$$M_E = (v^d - 3w^d) Y_{120}$$

(C) NO MIXING

(D) NEUTRINO DIRAC TYPE

SUMMARY

$10_H \longrightarrow \omega_b = \omega_\tau$

$126_H \begin{cases} \longrightarrow \text{BREAKS RANK} \\ \longrightarrow \omega_\mu = -3\omega_s \\ \longrightarrow \text{SEE-SAW (MUR)} \end{cases}$

$120_H \quad \text{NOT VERY PROMISING ??}$

TWO HIGGSSES: $10_H + 126_H$

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = 16_F \left(10_H Y_{10} + 126_H Y_{126} \right) 16_F$$

$$16_F \rightarrow U 16_F$$

- LAZARIDES,
SHAFI

- BABU, MOHAPATRA

Y_{10} DIAGONAL (3 REAL PARAMETERS)

Y_{126} SYMMETRIC (12 REAL PARAMETERS)

- MODEL COMPATIBLE WITH DATA

- $U_{e3} \approx 0.1 - 0.15$

MOHAPATRA ET AL, 03, 04
BERTOLINI, MALINSKY, 05

- IN TYPE II SEESAW:

$b-\tau$ UNIFICATION \Leftrightarrow LARGE θ_{ATM}

BAJC, SENJANOVIĆ, VISSANI, 02

POSSIBLE TO UNDERSTAND
 WHY $\theta_{atm} \approx \text{LARGE}$ IN
 TYPE II SEE-SAW :

$$M_{\nu L} \propto Y_{126}$$

$$\begin{cases} M_d = v_{10}^d Y_{10} + v_{126}^d Y_{126} \\ M_e = v_{10}^d Y_{10} - 3 v_{126}^d Y_{126} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_{126} \propto M_d - M_e$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{\nu L} \propto M_d - M_e$$

BRAMACHARI, MOHAPATRA, 98

APPROX. :

- 2-3 GENERATION CASE
- NEGLECT $m_{s,\mu} \ll m_{b,\tau}$
- M_d AND M_e HAVE SMALL MIXINGS

$$M_{\nu L} \propto \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & m_b - m_\tau \end{pmatrix}$$

BAJC,
 SENJANOVIĆ,
 VISSANI, 02

3) LARGE $\theta_{atm} \iff b-\tau$ UNIFICATION

IS IT 126_H REALLY
NECESSARY ?

(1) RANK :
 $126_H \rightarrow 16_H$

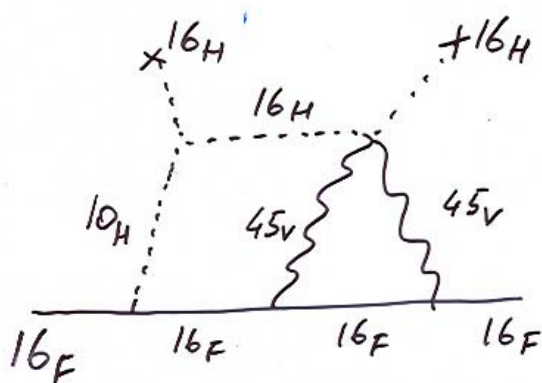
$$\langle 16_H \rangle = M_R$$

(IN THE $(1, 2, \bar{4})$ DIRECTION

(2) M_{UR} :

NO 126_H , AT TREE ORDER $M_{UR} = 0$

WITTEN'S IDEA (80):



$$M_{UR} \approx \left(\frac{\alpha}{\pi}\right)^2 \frac{M_R^2}{M_{GUT}} Y_{10}$$

WHEN IS IT VALID?

NONSUSY: DIFFICULT,

WITHOUT FINE-TUNING $M_R \ll M_{\text{GUT}}$

FOR SUCCESSFUL GAUGE UNIFICATION

$\Rightarrow M_{\nu R}$ TOO SUPPRESSED

SUSY: NO, FOR LOW-ENERGY

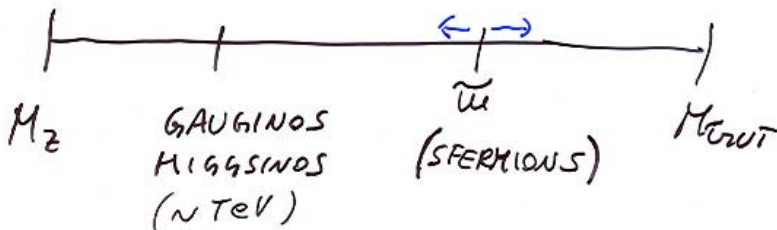
SUSY BREAKING

$M_{\nu R} \propto m_{\text{SUSY}}$

SPLIT SUSY:

(ARKANI-HAMED, DIKOPoulos, 04)

$\tilde{M} = ?$



YES, IF $\tilde{M} \approx M_{\text{GUT}}$

(BAJC, SENJANOVIĆ, 04)

(3) WITTEN'S MODEL TOO SIMPLE:
ONLY ONE 10_H

$$M_{\nu D} \sim M_{\nu R} \sim Y_{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{M_N \propto Y_{10}} \quad \checkmark \quad \boxed{m_b = m_\tau} \quad \checkmark$$

- NO MIXING

- $m_\mu = m_s$ BAD

- $m_e = m_d$

\Rightarrow ADD ANOTHER 120_H

Y_{10} 3 REAL PARAMETERS

Y_{120} 6 REAL - " -

CAN WE FIT THE DATA
WITH 10_H AND 120_H ?

$$(2, 2, 1)_{10} \rightarrow v_{10}^u, v_{10}^d$$

$$(2, 2, 1)_{120} \rightarrow v_{120}^u, v_{120}^d$$

$$(2, 2, 15)_{120} \rightarrow w_{120}^u, w_{120}^d$$

$$M_U = v_{10}^u Y_{10} + (v_{120}^u + w_{120}^u) Y_{120}$$

$$M_D = v_{10}^d Y_{10} + (v_{120}^d + w_{120}^d) Y_{120}$$

$$M_E = v_{10}^d Y_{10} + (v_{120}^d - \underline{\underline{3w_{120}^d}}) Y_{120}$$

$$M_{VD} = v_{10}^u Y_{10} + (v_{120}^u - \underline{\underline{3w_{120}^u}}) Y_{120}$$

$$M_{VR} \propto Y_{10} \quad (\text{WRITTEN})$$

$$M_N = -M_{VD}^T M_{VR}^{-1} M_{VD} \quad (\text{TYPE I ONLY!})$$

ONE CAN REWRITE

$$M_D = M_0 + M_2$$

$$M_U = C_0 M_0 + C_2 M_2$$

$$M_E = M_0 + C_3 M_2$$

$$M_{VD} = C_0 M_0 + C_4 M_2$$

THE FULL 3X3 NUMERICAL
ANALYSIS HARD, TIME CONSUMING.

BETTER FIRST USE AN
APPROXIMATE SCHEME :

- IS THE SYSTEM WORTH
STUDYING IN DETAIL?
- FIND SOME ANALYTICAL
RESULTS

STUDY FIRST THE
2ND AND 3RD GENERATIONS
ONLY:

$$M_0 = \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i\alpha \\ -i\alpha & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c_0, a, b \in \mathbb{R} \quad (a, b > 0)$$

$$\alpha, c_2, c_3, c_4 \in \mathbb{C}$$

ONLY 4 REAL PARAMETERS
FROM YUKAWA SECTOR (a, b, α)

BUT 7 REAL PARAMETERS
FROM HIGGS SECTOR (c_0, c_2, c_3, c_4)

IN THE LIMIT

$$\frac{m_s}{m_b}, \frac{m_\mu}{m_\tau}, \frac{m_c}{m_t} \longrightarrow 0$$

THE ANALYSES SIMPLIFY
ENORMOUSLY:



① $b - \tau$ UNIFICATION $m_b = m_\tau$

② IF $\theta_e \simeq \frac{\pi}{4} \implies \theta_2 \simeq 0$
 θ_{ATM} θ_{bc}

③ LIGHT NEUTRINO DEGENERATE

BAJC, SENJANOVIĆ, ~~et al~~
TO APPEAR SOON

PROOF VERY SIMPLE:

$$M_D = \begin{pmatrix} a & i\alpha \\ -i\alpha & b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_D M_D^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} a^2 + |\alpha|^2 & i(\alpha\alpha^* + b\alpha) \\ -i(\alpha\alpha + b\alpha^*) & b^2 + |\alpha|^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det(M_D M_D^\dagger) = |ab - \alpha|^2 = \omega_b^2 \omega_s^2 \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Rightarrow ab = \alpha^2$$

$$\tan(2\theta_D) = \frac{2\alpha}{a-b}$$

$$M_U = \begin{pmatrix} c_0 a & i c_2 \alpha \\ -i c_2 \alpha & c_0 b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_U M_U^\dagger \rightarrow c_0^2 = c_2^2$$

$$\tan(2\theta_U) = \frac{\pm 2\alpha}{a-b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta_U &= \theta_U - \theta_D = \\ &= 0 \\ &\text{OR} \\ &= 2\theta_D \end{aligned}$$

$$M_E = \begin{pmatrix} a & , & i c_3 \alpha \\ -i c_3 \alpha & , & b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_E M_E^\dagger \longrightarrow c_3^2 = 1 \longrightarrow \theta_E = \pm \theta_D$$

$$\boxed{m_\tau = m_b} \quad 1^{\text{ST}} \text{ PREDICTION}$$

$$M_{VR} \propto M_0$$

$$M_{VD} = c_0 M_0 + c_4 M_2$$

$$\Rightarrow M_N \propto \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{pmatrix} = M_0$$

DIAGONAL

$$\theta_2 = \theta_D - \theta_U = 0 \quad \text{OR} \quad \pm 2\theta_E$$

$$\theta_e = \theta_E - \theta_N = \theta_E$$

$$\boxed{\text{IF } \theta_e \approx \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow \theta_2 \approx 0} \quad 2^{\text{ND}} \text{ PREDICTION}$$

FROM $\theta_E \approx \frac{\pi}{4}$

AND $\tan(2\theta_E) \approx \frac{2a}{a-b} \Rightarrow a \approx b$

$\Rightarrow M_N \propto M_0 \sim I$

NEUTRINO DEGENERATE

3RD PREDICTION

WITTEN + $10_H + 120_H$

- ① COUNTEREXAMPLE TO THE COMMON BELIEF THAT IN GUTS ν MASSES HIERARCHICAL
- ② θ_2 SMALL BECAUSE EQUAL TO THE DIFFERENCE OF TWO LARGE ANGLES
- ③ θ_2 LARGE BECAUSE IT FAILS TO CANCEL (M_N DIAGONAL)
- ④ B-L UNIFICATION AUTOMATIC (IN SPITE OF 120_H)